

# DISABILITY RIGHTS

— international —

## Litigation Docket 2025

No.	Country	Litigation & Co-petitioners	Human Rights Body	Plaintiffs: who they are and what we are seeking for them	Legal issues and strategic impact of case
1	<b>Mexico</b>	<p><u>Petition on grave violations at private Institution Casa Esperanza where people with disabilities were detained, abused, tortured, and forcibly sterilized.</u></p> <p>Co-petitioner: O'Neill Human Rights Institute, Mental Health Initiative</p>	Inter-American Commission on Human Rights	<p>Seeking community integration and reparations for the 37 people detained at private facility “Casa Esperanza”</p>	<p><u>Impact of the case:</u> 175,000 children and adults officially estimated to be detained in institutions. Unofficial estimates put this number at over 300,000.</p> <p><u>Legal issues:</u> Deprivation of the right to community integration and to no discrimination; legal capacity; access to justice; not be arbitrarily deprived of liberty; not to be subjected to torture, inhuman and degrading treatment; and to health.</p> <p>The Casa Esperanza case has a special emphasis on women rights and focuses on grave human rights violations including forced sterilization, forced labor and trafficking.</p>

2	Guatemala	<p><u>Precautionary measure and petition</u> on grave violations at the National Mental Health Hospital “Federico Mora,” considered to be “the most dangerous hospital in the world” per the <a href="#">BBC</a>.</p> <p>Co-Petitioners: Colectivo Vida Independiente; Co-petitioner: O’Neill Human Rights Institute, Mental Health Initiative</p>	Inter-American Commission on Human Rights	Seeking community integration and reparations for the 334 people detained at the institution in 2014	<p><u>Impact of the case:</u> 1,000 people with disabilities who have been detained in the institution since the case was filed (2014). There are no official estimates, but the number could be in the thousands.</p> <p>People with mental disabilities in seven departments (States) of Guatemala, where, thanks to DRI’s litigation, have now access to mental health closer to their communities.</p> <p><u>Legal issues:</u> Deprivation of the right to community integration and to no discrimination; legal capacity; access to justice; not be arbitrarily deprived of liberty; not to be subjected to torture, inhuman and degrading treatment; and to health.</p>
3		<p><u>Precautionary measure</u> for Hogar Seguro Virgen de la Asunción, public facility where children were tortured and trafficked, and 41 girls were killed in a fire after protesting the sexual violence.</p> <p>Co-petitioner: Procuraduría de Derechos Humanos</p>	Inter-American Commission on Human Rights	Seeking family and community integration and reparations for the 600 children detained at Hogar Seguro Virgen de la Asunción on March 7, 2017	<p><u>Impact of the case:</u> 4,000 children with and without disabilities detained in institutions according to official estimates. Unofficial estimates are much higher.</p> <p><u>Legal issues:</u> Deprivation of the rights to grow up in a family; community integration; access to justice; and not to be subjected to torture, inhuman and degrading treatment.</p>

4	Serbia	<p><u>Petition and interim measures</u> on human rights violations of children and people with disabilities detained as children at Dusko Radovic Group Home in Serbia</p>	UN Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities	<p>Seeking community integration and reparations for the two people with disabilities detained at Dusko Radovic Group Home in Serbia</p>	<p><u>Impact of the case:</u> 14 young adults detained at Dusko Radovic Group Home in Serbia</p> <p>700 children with disabilities detained in institutions in Serbia according to official estimates -the unofficial estimates could be higher.</p> <p><u>Legal issues:</u> Deprivation of the rights to grow up in a family; no discrimination; community integration; access to justice; not to be subjected to torture, inhuman and degrading treatment; to education and to health.</p>
5	Peru	<p><u>Petition</u> for person with disability arbitrarily detained in private psychiatric institution in Peru.</p> <p>Co-petitioner: Sociedad y Discapacidad (SODIS), Perú</p>	UN Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities	<p>Seeking community integration for one person detained in private psychiatric facility in Peru</p>	<p><u>Impact of the case:</u> People with disabilities detained in institutions in Peru.</p> <p><u>Legal issues:</u> Arbitrary detention; forced medication; violation of the right to legal capacity, community integration, no discrimination and access to justice.</p>
6	Honduras	<p><u>Implementation</u> of the judgment by the Inter-American Court on Human Rights on violations to the rights of Miskito lobster divers, who faced exploiting working conditions that</p>	Inter-American Court on Human Rights	<p>Seeking to provide a disability perspective in the the implementation of the reparations ordered by the Court for 42 Miskito divers and their families.</p>	<p><u>Impact of the case:</u> 42 Miskito divers and their families.</p> <p>Over 4,000 Miskito divers who face disability as a result of the working conditions in La Mosquitia.</p>

		lead to disability and in some cases, death.			<u>Legal issues:</u> Community integration and supports, social protection, right to health and accessibility.
7	Ukraine	<u>Implementation</u> of the judgment by the European Court of Human Rights in the Gorbayuk v. Ukraine regarding violations of her right to legal capacity	European Court of Human Rights	Seeking restoration of the right to legal capacity and to community integration for Ms. Gorbayuk, a woman with a psychosocial was appointed a guardian and deprived of her liberty in a psychiatric institution without her consent.	<u>Impact of the case:</u> Ms. Gorbayuk and people with disabilities in Ukraine deprived of their legal capacity and detained in institutions against their will.  <u>Legal issues:</u> Right to community integration and supports, right to legal capacity and to personal liberty.